

Table 2. Definition of Position Types

Position Type	Primary Work Activity at Principle Job (Complete List)	N	%
Professional Service Positions ^a	Professional Services (e.g. health care, counseling, financial services, legal services)	54,013	42.5% ^b
Teaching Positions	Teaching	19,055	15.0%
Research Positions	1) Basic Research 2) Applied Research 3) Development 4) Design	21,368	16.8%
Management Positions	1) Managing or Supervising People or Projects 2) Human Resources - including Recruiting, Personnel Development, Training 3) Administration - Accounting, Finance, Contracts 4) Quality or Productivity Management	22,969	18.1%
Other Positions	All other work activities, including: 1) Computer Programming, Systems or Applications Development 2) Production, Operations, Maintenance 3) Sales, Purchasing, Marketing, Customer Service, Public Relations 4) Other	9,662	7.6%
Full-time Psychologists in all Position Types	All Work Activities	127,066	100%

Note: Total may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

^a Professional service positions roughly represent psychologists providing health services, but may include positions that provide other services such as financial and legal services.

^b According to the state licensing board lists, there were approximately 106,000 licensed psychologists (compiled and estimated by the American Psychological Association, 2016). The estimated number of psychologists in professional service positions (as well as in other types of positions) was lower because the estimation in this report was based on psychologists' *primary* work activity in their *full-time principle* jobs. Psychologists often work in multiple positions and may choose to work part-time in their principle jobs. One position may also involve multiple work activities.

Source: 2013 National Survey of College Graduates, National Science Foundation.